

ZOQUA

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EDUCATION in the USA



Almost 90 percent of American students under 18 years of age attend public elementary and secondary schools, which do not charge **tuition** but rely on local and state taxes for funding. Traditionally, elementary school includes kindergarten through the eighth grade. In some places, however, **elementary school** ends after the sixth grade, and students attend middle school, or **junior high school**, from grades seven through nine. Similarly, secondary school, or high school, traditionally comprises grades nine through twelve, but in some places begins at the tenth grade.

Most of the students who do not attend public elementary and secondary schools attend private schools, for which their families pay tuition. Four out of five private schools are run by religious groups. In these schools religious instruction is part of the **curriculum**, which also includes the traditional academic courses. (Religious instruction is not allowed in public schools). There is also a small but growing number of parents who educate their children themselves, a practice known as **home schooling**.

The United States does not have a national school system. Nor, with the exception of the military academies, are there schools run by the federal government. But the government provides guidance and funding for federal educational programs in which both public and private schools take part, and the U.S. Department of Education oversees these programs.

In America, a college is an institution of higher learning that offers courses in related subjects. A liberal arts college, for example, offers courses in literature, languages, history, philosophy, and the sciences, while a business college offers courses in accounting, investment, and marketing. Many colleges are independent and award bachelor's degrees to those completing a program of instruction that typically takes four years. But colleges can also be components of universities. A large university typically comprises several colleges, graduate programs in various fields, one or more professional schools (for example, a law school or a medical school), and one or more research facilities. (Americans often use the word "college" as shorthand for either a college or a university.)

Every state has its own university, and some states operate large networks of colleges and universities. Some cities also have their own public universities. In many areas, junior or community colleges provide a bridge between secondary school and four-year colleges for some students. In junior colleges, students can generally complete their first two years of college courses at low cost and remain close to home.

Unlike public elementary and secondary schools, public colleges and universities usually charge tuition.

The texts on this page come from the Department of Education site: http://www.ed.gov/index.jhtml

Types of Schools

Public schools

Regular public schools are organized and structured according to the policies and regulations of the local school district and state in which they operate.

Private Schools

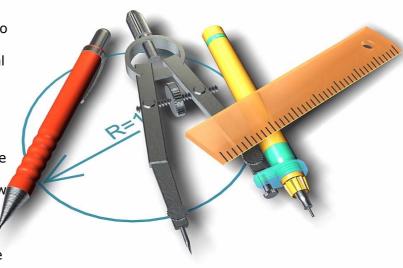
Private schools may be either religious or secular and they follow a wide variety of curricular and pedagogical approaches. There are also private schools that specialize in serving special needs students.

Charter Schools

Charter schools are public schools that have been turned over to local parent and community groups, who receive a charter making them responsible for the operation and success of the enterprise. To read more about charter schools please ao to

http://www.ed.gov/pro grams/charter/contacts .html

source: http://www.ed.gov/



To search for schools go to:

American Schools Directory (ASD) provides a comprehensive searchable database of links to public and private schools of different types and levels. www.asd.com

Web 66 provides links to schools participating in Web 66, a national effort to link schools to each other through the Internet. http://web66.coled.umn.edu/

Community Colleges

Community colleges provide the first two years of a university education. Students are able to transfer to a university for an additional two years to complete the Bachelor's Degree. This system is called "2+2." These institutions are an important sector of the U.S. higher education system. There are nearly 1,200 accredited community colleges with an enrollment of 11 million students.

Increasing numbers of international students are choosing to begin their higher

To read more about Community Colleges in the U.S. please go to the Electronic Journal: Community Colleges in the United States http://usinfo.state.gov/journals/itsv/0602/ ijse/ijse0602.htm

education in the U.S. at community colleges. During the past decade, the growth of international students attending U.S. community colleges increased by 57 percent.

30% of U.S. 15-year-olds agree or strongly agree that reading is a favorite hobby, a lower percentage than the OECD average. Percentages ranged from 62% in Mexico to 24% in Norway according to PISA 2000. (NCES Reference)

Female 15-year-olds outperformed male 15-year-olds in reading literacy in every participating country, including the United States, according to results from PISA 2000.(NCES Reference)

In 1999, the U.S. was one of 16 out of 38 nations in which 8th-grade boys outperformed 8thgrade girls in science. (NCES Reference)

75% of public schools had a website in 2001. (NCES Reference)

Ivy League

The **Ivy League** is an association of eight Northeastern American universities. The term "Ivy League" has connotations of academic excellence as well as a certain amount of elitism. These schools are also sometimes affectionately referred to as the Ancient Eight.

All of the Ivy League universities share some general characteristics: They are among the most prestigious and selective universities in the U.S.; they rank within the top one percent of the world's universities in terms of financial endowment; and they attract top-tier students and faculty. The Ivies are also among the oldest universities in the United States—all but Cornell University were founded during America's colonial era.

All but one of the Ivy League universities are privately owned and controlled, although many of them receive funding from the federal or state governments to pursue research. One of the eight, Cornell, has four statesupported academic units, termed statutory colleges, that are an integral part of the university.



Brown University

www.brown.edu

Columbia University www.columbia.edu

Cornell University www.ccornell.edu

Dartmouth College www.dartmouth.edu

Harvard University www.harvard.edu/

University of Pennsylvania www.upenn.edu

Princeton University

www.princeton.edu

Yale University

www.vale.edu

SOURCE:http://www.wordiq.com/

If you want to study in the US?

Applying to study in the United States is not a simple process, but there are good resources available to help you understand what to do. The United States government provides education information centers in nearly every country, and there are also extensive Internet resources. Most U.S. higher education institutions and many schools operate their own web sites.

It is very important for you to contact the closest U.S. Overseas Educational Advising Office as you make your plans.

About 2000 Polish students study in the U.S. each year. The Embassy promotes academic exchange between the U.S. and Poland through the U.S.-Polish Fulbright

Commission http://www.fulbright.edu.pl/

and Educational Advising
Office http://www.usinfo.pl/
krakow/studyus.htm, by
helping link Polish and
American universities, and by
providing an Educational
Advising Service http://

www.fulbright.edu.pl/ study1.html

to help Polish students navigate the application and financial aid process in American universities. Polish citizens interested in studying in the United States should contact Ms. Ola Augustyniak, Educational

Advisor at the U.S.-Polish Fulbright Commission located at Nowy Swiat 4 (Tel.+48-22/625-6978) or Majka

Brzostek, Educational Assistant at the U.S. Consulate General in Krakow ul. Stolarska 9 (tel. +48-12/424-5140)

IF YOU WANT TO STUDY IN THE UNITED STATES

Source: One of the four-booklet series on studying in the U.S. produced by Education USA available at: http://educationusa.state.gov/undergrad/pubs/iywts1.pdf

Check this out

EDUCATIONAL ADVISING OFFICE

The United States Consulate General in Krakow maintains an Educational Advising Center that provides services to Polish citizens interested in university and graduate study in the U.S. The Center has a large collection of up-to-date catalogs and guides, in print and electronic formats, with information on the American system of higher education and the programs of various

universities. It includes information on the admissions process, necessary documentation and fees, and required standardized tests (TOEFL, SAT, GRE)

LINKS:

students.gov, your comprehensive information portal providing answers to your questions on education, career, government and more

to find U.S. universities:

http://www.clas.ufl.edu/CLAS/american-universities.html

■ Financial Assistance

The United States government does not provide student assistance to noncitizens except in the limited case of federal exchange programs and some research opportunities for scientists and mid-career professionals. Students who come to the United States to study for diplomas or degrees are expected to be able to pay for their study visits using their own resources plus assistance from

their countries or private sources.

The SmartStudent Guide to Studying in

the USA: Financial Aid for International Students
Designed for international students the site includes how to calculate college costs, a financial planning worksheet, sources of financial aid, scholarship information and much more. http://

www.edupass.org/finaid/

Federal Student Aid: International Students

Information to help the international student who wishes to study in the United States, from the U.S. Department of Education Federal Student Aid (FSA).

http://studentaid.ed.gov /PORTALSWebApp/students /english/intl.jsp

Paying for School: Financial Aid

Detailed information on where to go to find financial aid for international students with links to sites with additional information. Includes information on work/study programs.

http://www.foreignborn.com/study in us/8-paying4school.htm



Activity Page

Win a Book!

To take part in a drawing for one of three English-language books find the answer to the following question:

Does United States have a national school system?

Send your answer to: zoom@usinfo.pl

Give your name, address, and age. The deadline is October 30.

Good Luck!

The winners from the previous issue will soon receive their prizes by mail.

Educational Definitions

The U.S. school system listed below is different from the rest of the world and can create confusion when compared to the Polish system. Please match the components of the U.S. school system with its definition

Kindergarten ...

Middle School

High School

Graduate Degree

College

Freshman

Sophomore

Junior

Senior

Elementary School

- first year student in either high school or college
- a preschool for children age 4 to 6 to prepare them for elementary school
- an institution of higher learning that grants the bachelor's degree in liberal arts or science or both
- second student in either high school or college
- a school for the first six to eight years of a child's formal education, often including kindergarten
- a degree from a University or College, also known as a Bachelor's Degree
- an academic degree such as MA or PhD conferred by a college or university upon those who complete at least one year of prescribed study beyond the bachelor's degree
- third year student in either high school or college
- fourth year student in either high school or college
- a secondary school that usually includes grades 9 or 10 through 12
- a school at a level between elementary and high school, typically including grades seven through nine

About **ZOOM**

Zoom is online at www.usinfo.pl/zoom/

Subscription issues www.usinfo.pl/zoom/ subscribe.htm

> Contact us at zoom@usinfo.pl

American Information Resource Centers

Warsaw

Ambasada USA ul. Piękna 14, 00-540 Warszawa airc_warsaw@state.gov

Krakow Konsulat Generalny USA ul. Stolarska 9, 31-043 Krakow

KrakowAIRC@state.gov

Explanation of 8 difficult words in this issue:

Undergraduate Degree

tuition- fee, money paid for instructions

elementary school - The first six to eight years of a child's formal education,. also called grade school, grammar school, primary school junior high school - a school generally including the seventh, eighth, and sometimes ninth grades

curriculum - all the courses of study offered by an educational institution home schooling- being educated at home

liberal arts - academic disciplines, such as languages, literature, history, philosophy, mathematics, and science,

bachelor's degree - a title earned by students upon completion of a college or university

college- an institution of higher learning

Differences Between Institutions

High school and college are different institutions that have different meanings. Please match the correct words that describe each institution. (some words may apply to both)

Teacher, Professor, Principal, Dean, Bachelor's of Arts, Bachelor's of Science, University, Undergraduate, Major, SAT's, Freshman, Senior, Resume, GPA, Minor, Classroom, Graduation,

College:	 	
High School:	 	